

On Set-Membership Estimation of Hybrid Systems via SAT Mod ODE

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main reference

A. Eggers, N. Ramdani, N. S. Nedialkov, and M. Fränzle.

Set-membership estimation of hybrid systems via SAT Mod ODE.

*In 16th IFAC Symp. on System Identification, **SYSID 2012**, July 11-13, Bruxelles, 2012.*

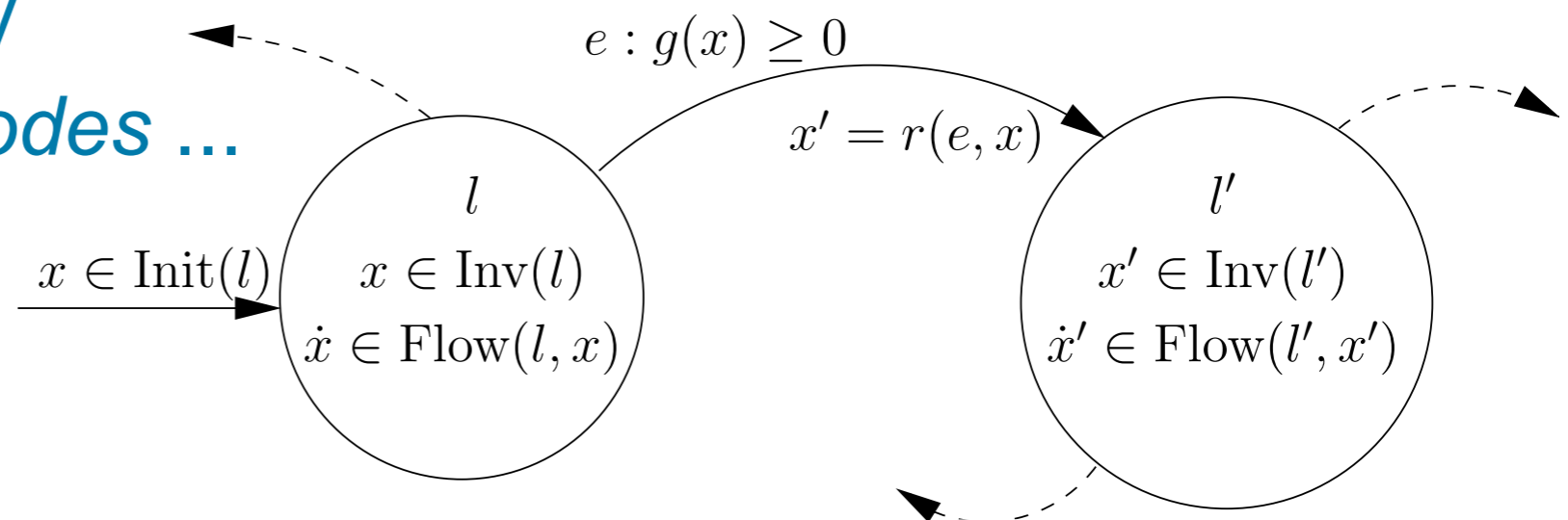
Hybrid Cyber-Physical Systems

- **Interaction discrete
+ continuous dynamics**
- **Safety-critical
embedded systems**
- **Networked
autonomous systems**

Estimation of Hybrid State

■ Modelling → hybrid automaton

- Non-linear continuous dynamics
- Bounded uncertainty
- *may include fault modes ...*



■ State Estimation

→ **reconstruct system variables**

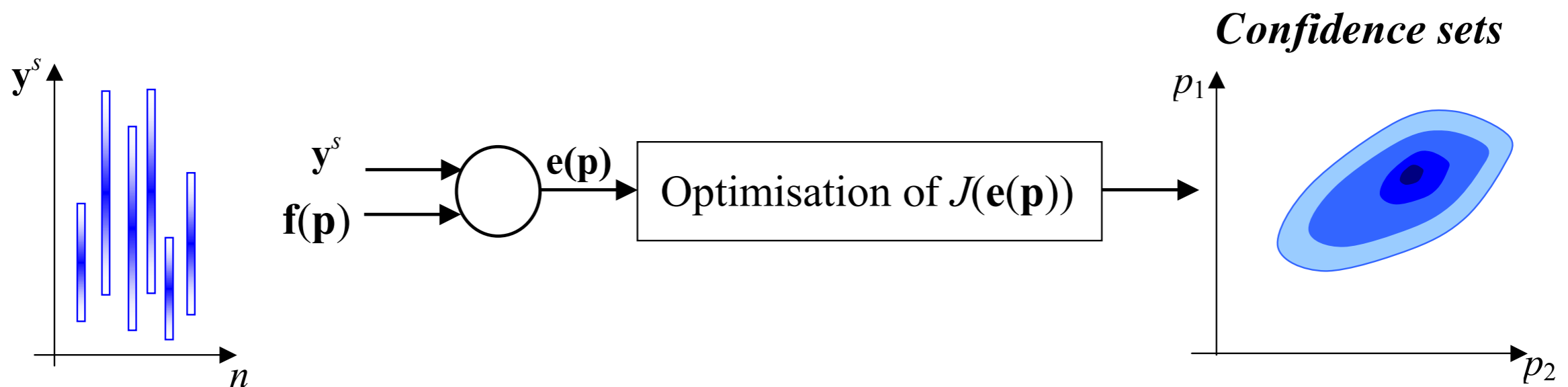
- continuous variables
- switching sequence

■ Important issue

- Control & Diagnosis ...

Bounded-error estimation

- Classical estimation is probabilistic

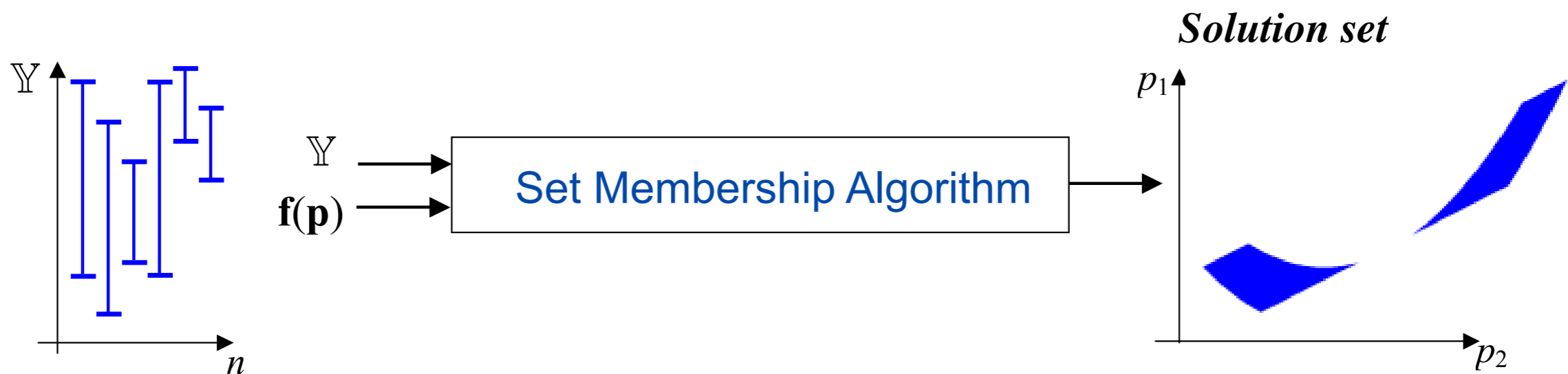


Yield valid results only if

- Perturbations, errors and model uncertainties with statistical properties known *a priori*
- Model structure is correct, no modeling errors

Bounded-error estimation

■ Unknown but bounded-error framework



Hypothesis

Uncertainties and errors are bounded with known prior bounds

A set of feasible solutions

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{P} \mid \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{p}) \in \mathbb{Y}\} = \mathbf{f}^{-1}(\mathbb{Y}) \cap \mathbb{P}$$

Bounded-error estimation

■ Continuous systems

- (Milanese & Novara, 2011), (Kieffer & Walter, 2011), (Jaulin, 2011), (Le Bars, et al., 2012)
- (Moisan, et al. 2009), (Meslem & Ramdani, 2011)

■ Hybrid systems

- Piecewise affine systems (Bemporad, et al. 2005)
- ODE + CSP (Goldsztein, et al., 2010)
- Nonlinear systems (Benazera & Travé-Massuyès, 2009)

Bounded-error estimation

- Interval Solving : Branch-&-Bound, Branch-&-Prune algorithms

$$\mathbb{S} = \{z \in \mathcal{Z}, \mid f(z) \in \mathcal{Y}\} \quad \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{S}} \subseteq \mathbb{S} \subseteq \overline{\mathbb{S}}$$

$f([z]) \subseteq \mathcal{Y} \quad \Rightarrow [z] \subseteq \underline{\mathbb{S}} : \text{inner approximation}$
 $f([z]) \cap \mathcal{Y} = \emptyset \quad \Rightarrow [z] \not\subseteq \overline{\mathbb{S}} : \text{outer approximation} \Rightarrow [z] \subseteq \mathcal{Z} \setminus \overline{\mathbb{S}}$
otherwise partition ...

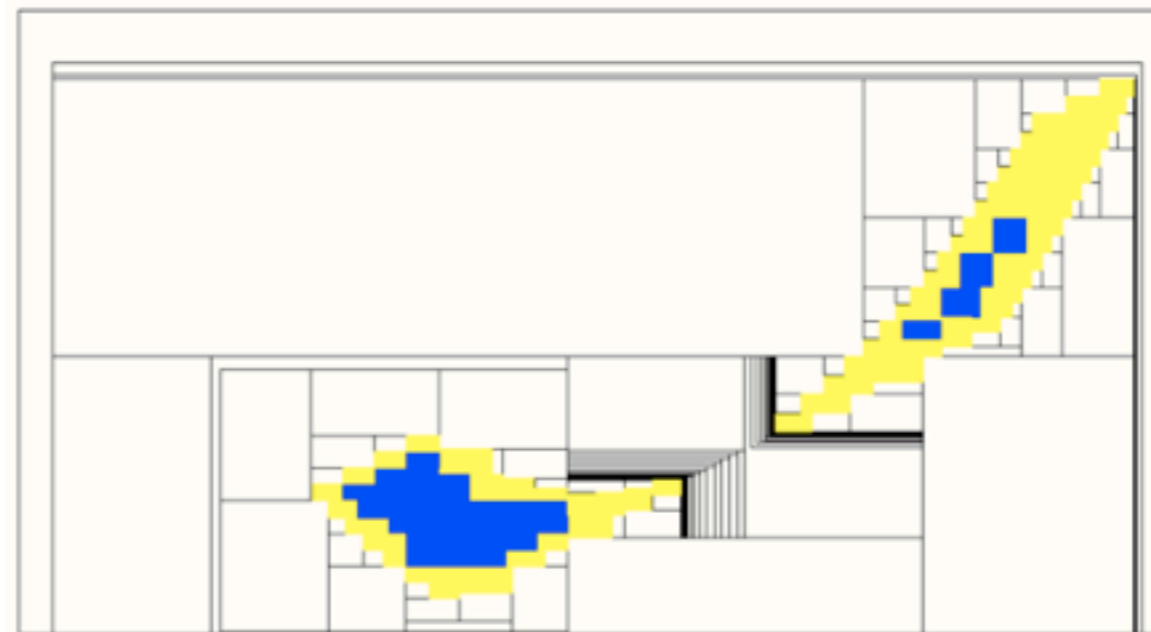


Bounded-error estimation

- Interval Solving : Branch-&-Bound, Branch-&-Prune algorithms

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$f([z]) \subseteq \mathcal{Y} \Rightarrow [z] \subseteq \underline{\mathbb{S}}$: inner approximation
 $f([z]) \cap \mathcal{Y} = \emptyset \Rightarrow [z] \not\subseteq \bar{\mathbb{S}}$: outer approximation $\Rightarrow [z] \subseteq \mathcal{Z} \setminus \bar{\mathbb{S}}$
otherwise partition ...



outer approximation



unsatisfiability

- **How to use iSAT-ODE to solve SME for HDS ?**

A SAT mod ODE approach

- **Predicative encoding**

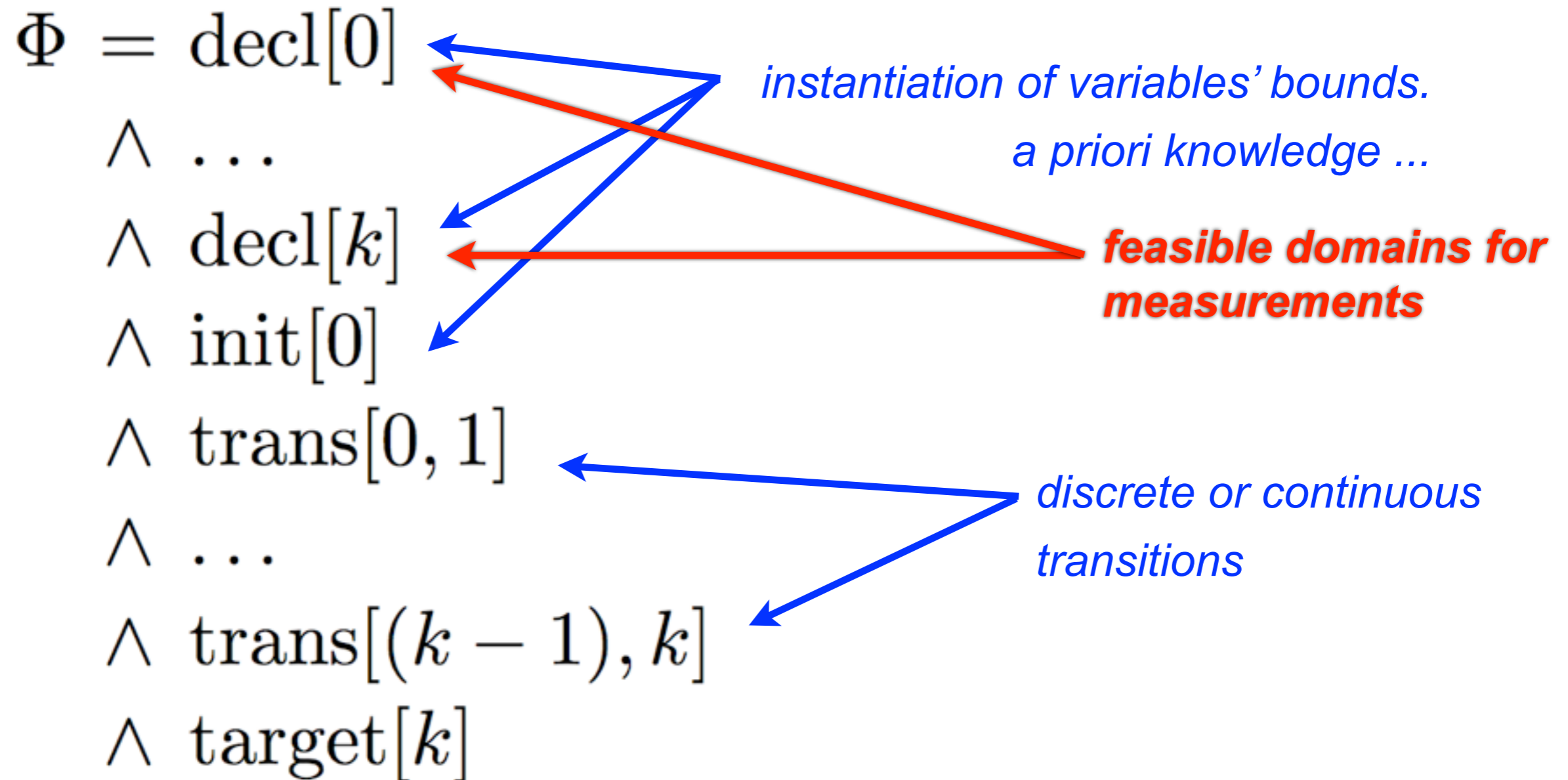
$\Phi = \text{decl}[0]$
 $\wedge \dots$
 $\wedge \text{decl}[k]$
 $\wedge \text{init}[0]$
 $\wedge \text{trans}[0, 1]$
 $\wedge \dots$
 $\wedge \text{trans}[(k - 1), k]$
 $\wedge \text{target}[k]$

*instantiation of variables' bounds.
a priori knowledge ...*

*discrete or continuous
transitions*

A SAT mod ODE approach

- **Predicative encoding**



A SAT mod ODE approach

Outer approximation in Set Membership Estimation



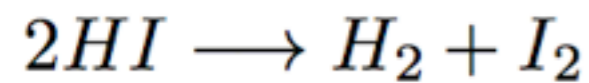
iSAT-ODE

1. *if needed, infer* number of transition steps
2. **Deduction & no splitting** : prune off inconsistent ranges
3. **Deduction & splitting** : search candidate boxes
4. **Evaluate range bounds** for solution boxes.

Experimental Evaluation

■ Example 1.

- Parameter estimation in a chemical reaction



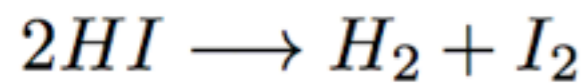
$$\dot{c}_{I_2} = k \cdot c_{HI}^2, \quad \dot{c}_{H_2} = k \cdot c_{HI}^2, \quad \dot{c}_{HI} = -2 \cdot k \cdot c_{HI}^2$$

```
Φ = decl[0]
  ∧ ...
  ∧ decl[k]
  ∧ init[0]
  ∧ trans[0, 1]
  ∧ ...
  ∧ trans[(k - 1), k]
  ∧ target[k]
```

Experimental Evaluation

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- Parameter estimation in a chemical reaction



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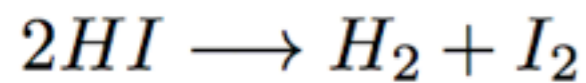
$$c_{H_2}(0), c_{I_2}(0) \in [0, 0.02], \quad c_{HI}(0) \in [0.95, 1] \quad \longleftarrow \text{decl}[0]$$
$$t \in [5.6, 5.8], \quad c_{HI}(t) \in [0.08, 0.12] \quad \longleftarrow \text{target}[1]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi = & \text{decl}[0] \\ & \wedge \dots \\ & \wedge \text{decl}[k] \\ & \wedge \text{init}[0] \\ & \wedge \text{trans}[0, 1] \\ & \wedge \dots \\ & \wedge \text{trans}[(k-1), k] \\ & \wedge \text{target}[k] \end{aligned}$$

Experimental Evaluation

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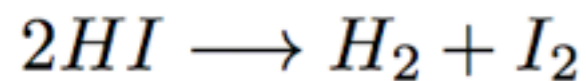
step	k	c_{HI}	c_{H_2}	c_{I_2}
0	(0.622, 1.038)	[0.949, 1.000]	[0.000, 0.021]	[0.000, 0.021]
1	(0.612, 1.041)	[0.079, 0.120]	[0.411, 0.489]	[0.409, 0.487]

$$k \in [0.622, 1.038] \cap [0.612, 1.041]$$

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- Parameter estimation in a chemical reaction



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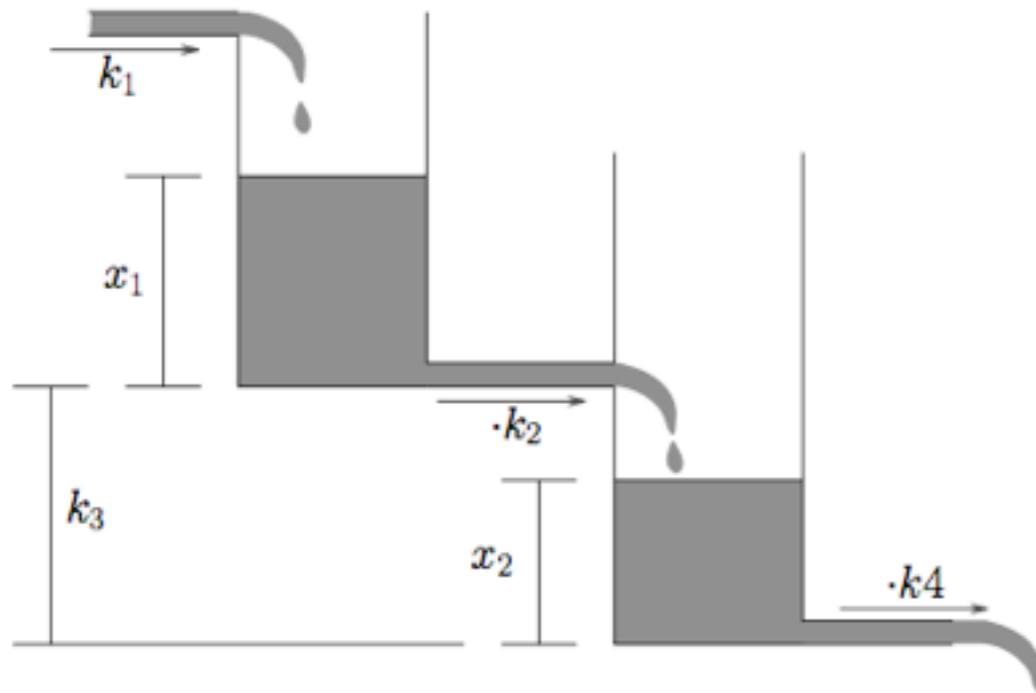
CPU time 8h to 56h according tuning. (Intel Core i7 2.6 GHz)

Experimental Evaluation

■ Example 2.

- Estimation of Hybrid System
- (Stursberg, et al. 1997)

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi = & \text{decl}[0] \wedge \cdots \wedge \text{decl}[k] \\ & \wedge \text{init}[0] \\ & \wedge \text{trans}[0, 1] \wedge \cdots \wedge \text{trans}[(k-1), k] \\ & \wedge \text{target}[k]\end{aligned}$$



For $x_2 > k_3$:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k_1 - k_2\sqrt{x_1 - x_2 + k_3} \\ k_2\sqrt{x_1 - x_2 + k_3} - k_4\sqrt{x_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

For $x_2 \leq k_3$:

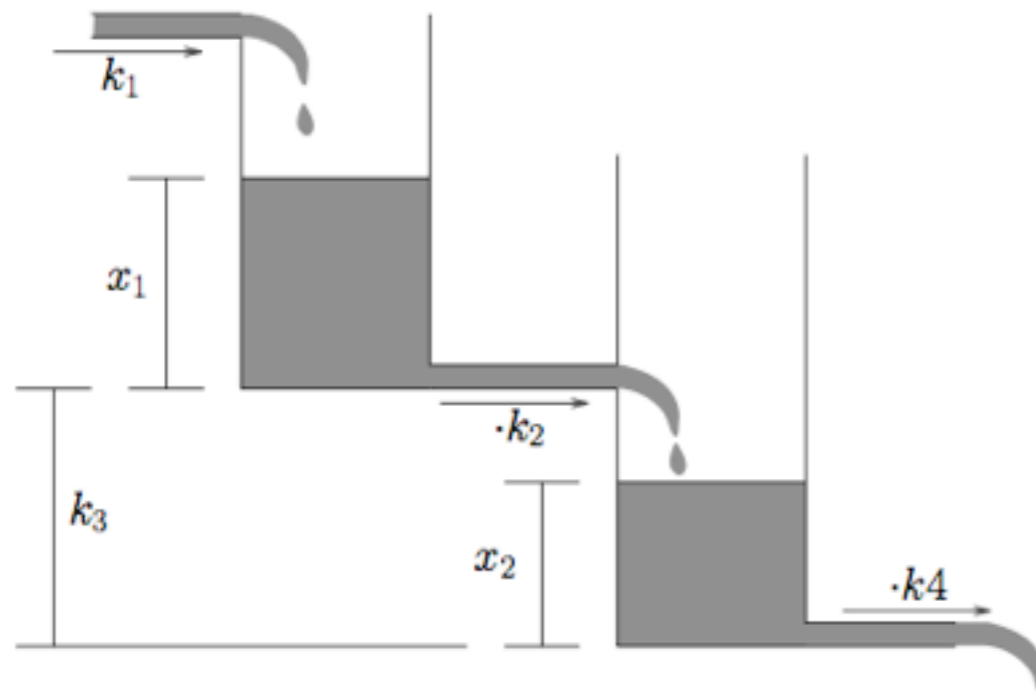
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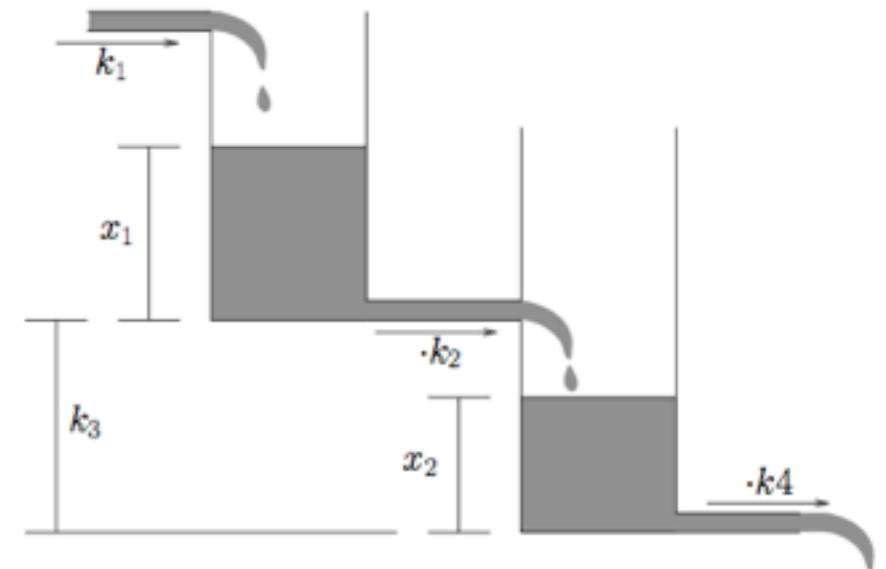
- Measuring at discrete time instants.
- Measuring height threshold (Koutsoukos, 2003).

Experimental Evaluation

■ Example 2.

- Estimation of Hybrid System
 - (Stursberg, et al. 1997)
- Measuring at discrete time instants,
.... added as **new transition steps**.
- Stage 1
- Infer minimal number of unwinding steps
target = one measure. missed
or final time not reached.
- UNSAT → depth 7

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi = & \text{decl}[0] \wedge \dots \wedge \text{decl}[k] \\ & \wedge \text{init}[0] \\ & \wedge \text{trans}[0, 1] \wedge \dots \wedge \text{trans}[(k-1), k] \\ & \wedge \text{target}[k]\end{aligned}$$

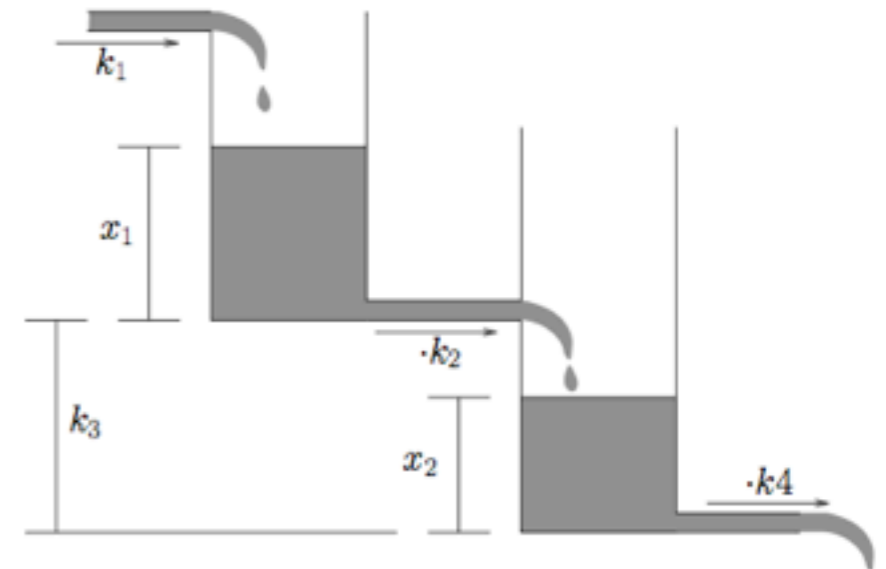


Experimental Evaluation

■ Example 2.

- Estimation of Hybrid System
 - (Stursberg, et al. 1997)
- Measuring at discrete time instants,
.... added as **new transition steps**.
- Stage 2
- **target** = all measurements used.
- → reduce range of initial conditions,
- → bound range of hybrid state variables.

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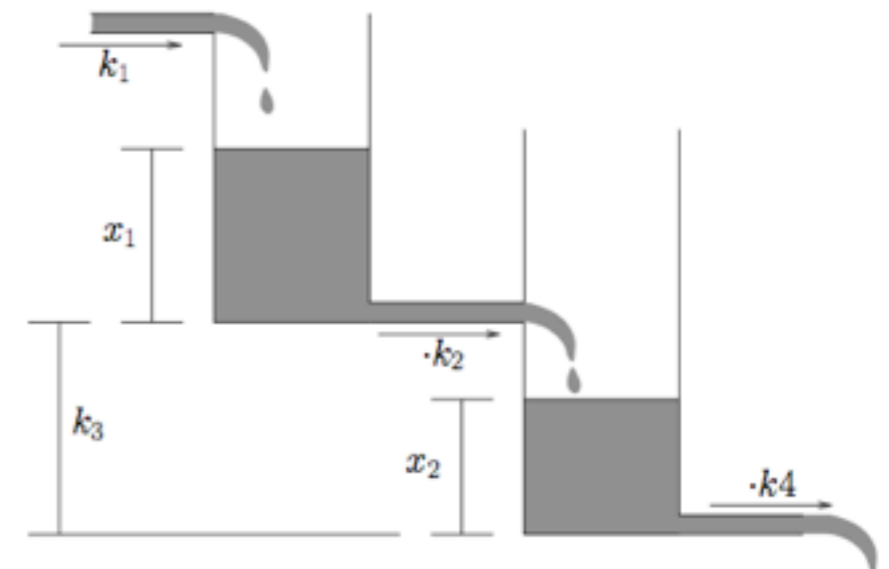
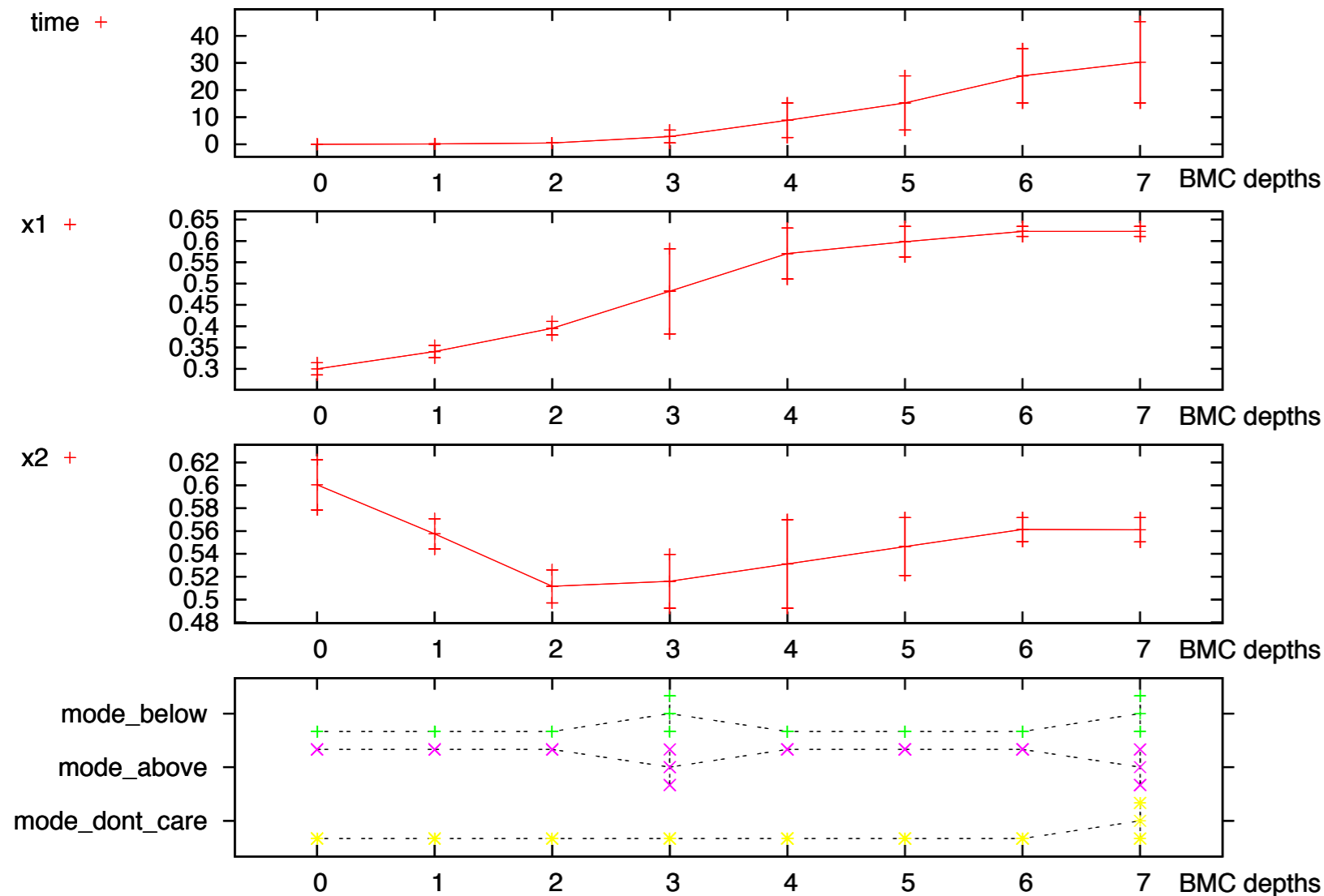


Experimental Evaluation

Example 2.

- Estimation of Hybrid System
 - Measuring at discrete time instants,

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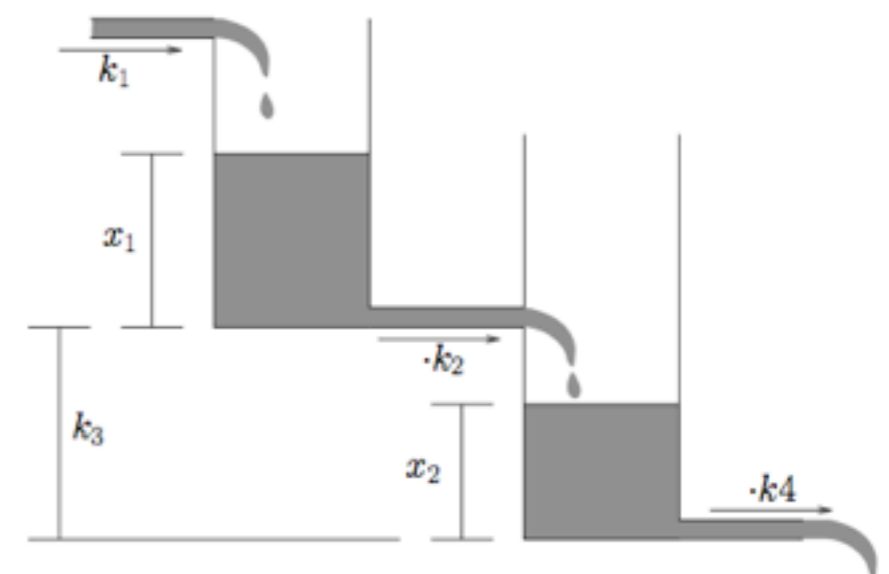
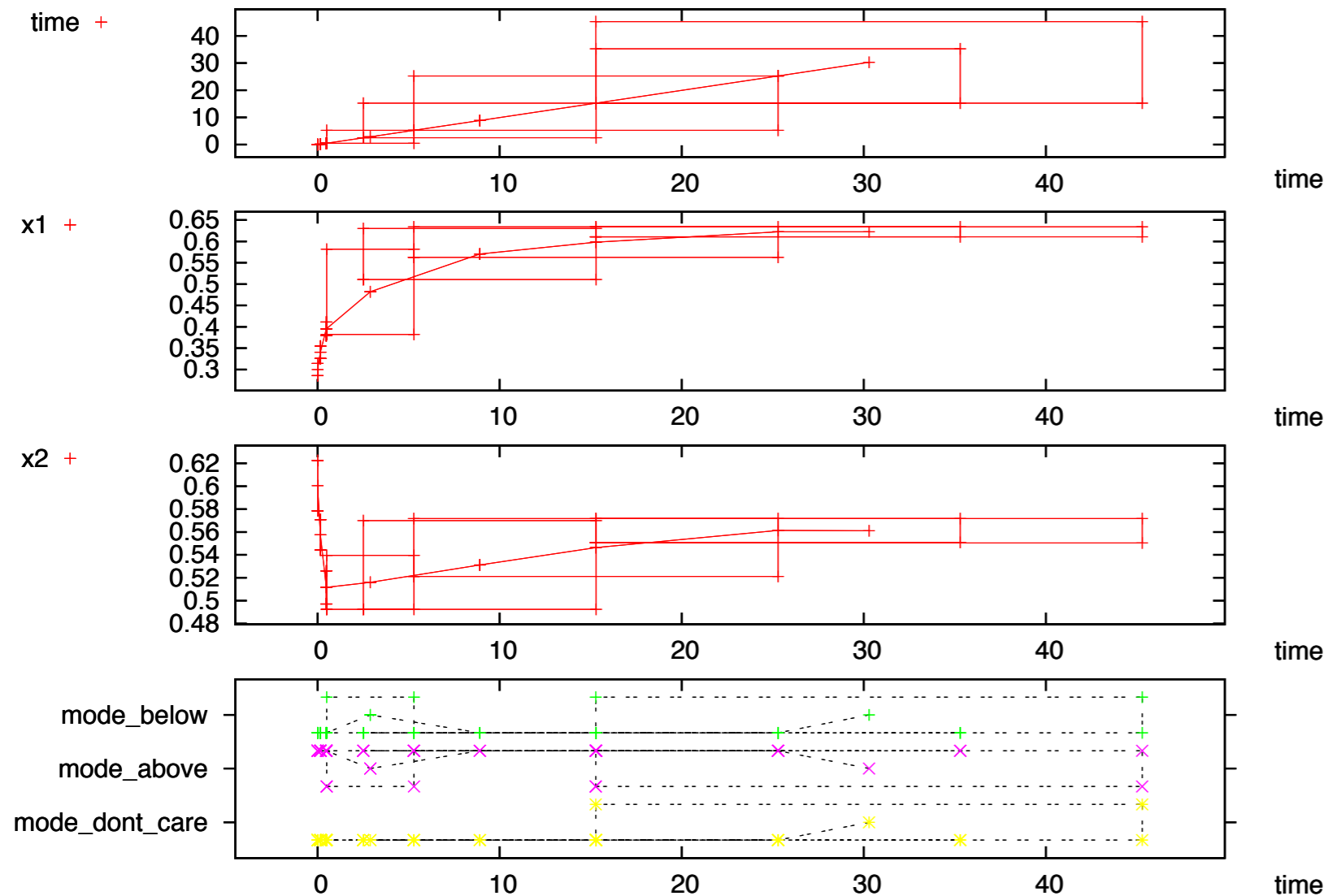


Experimental Evaluation

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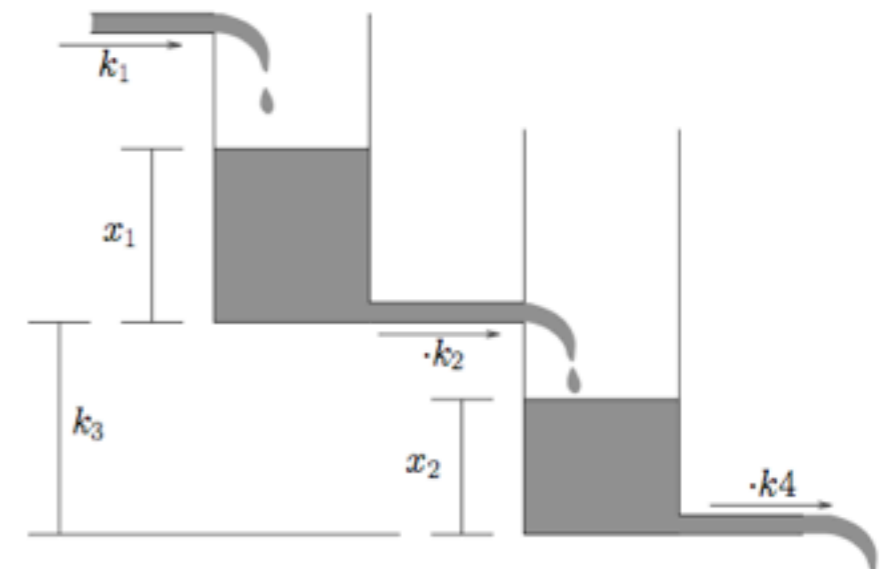
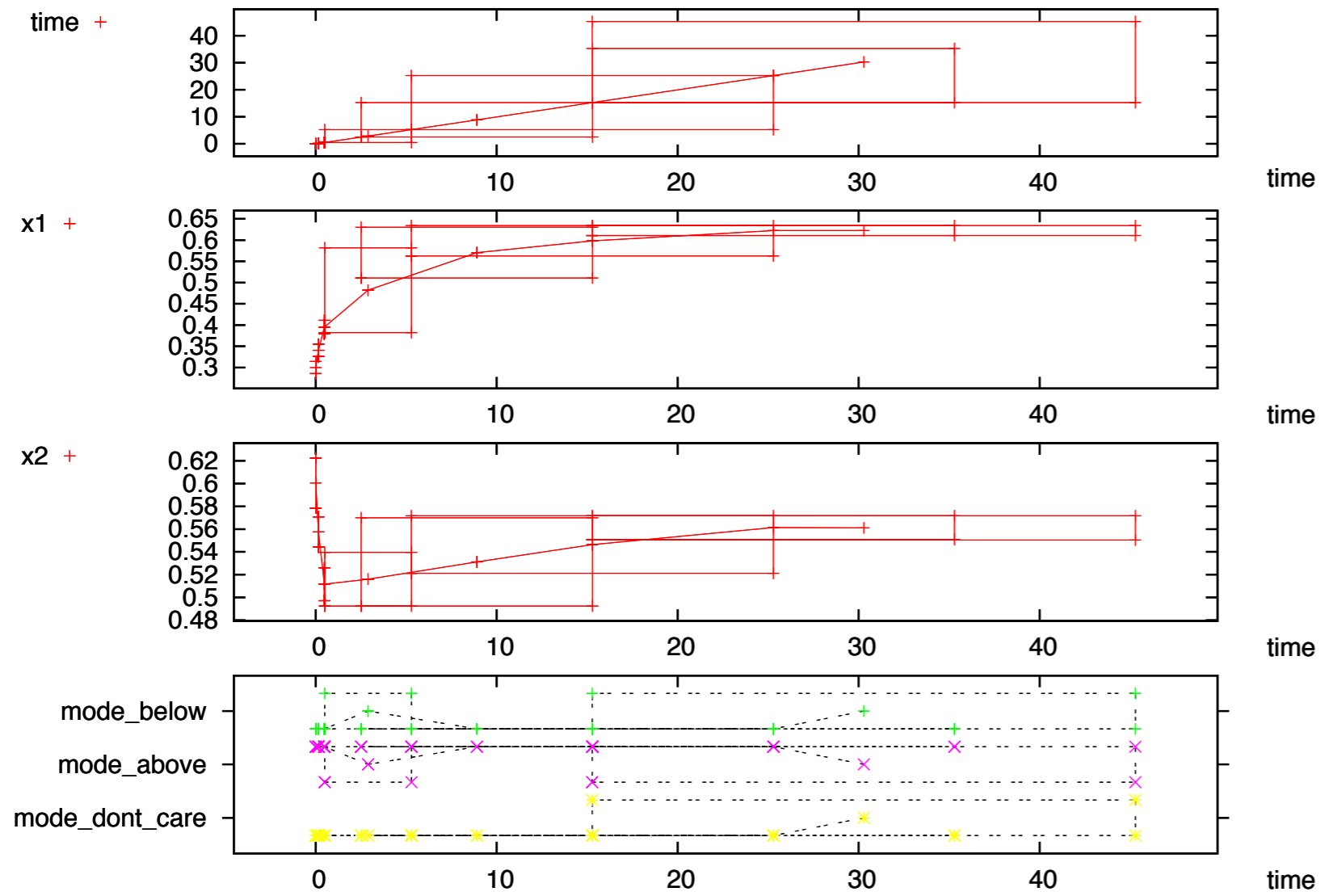


Experimental Evaluation

Example 2.

- Estimation of Hybrid System
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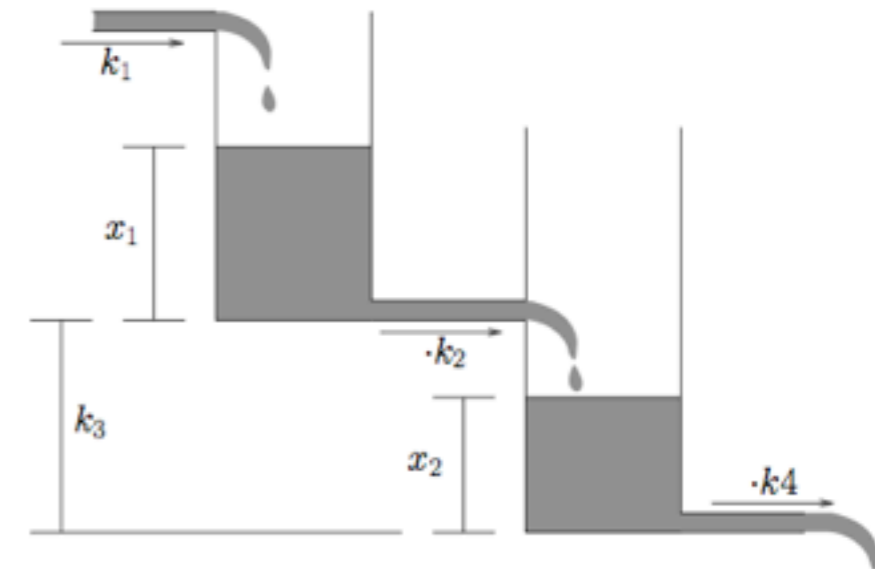
CPU time on AMD Opteron
8378 2.4 GHz 64bits Linux
depth 7 \rightarrow 87mn
bounds \rightarrow 5.7h

Experimental Evaluation

■ Example 2b

- Estimation of Hybrid System
 - (Stursberg, et al. 1997)
- Measuring height threshold
 - (Koutsoukos, 2003)
 - Assume uncertain measurement time.
 - ... add additional interruptions at points of time.

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi = & \text{decl}[0] \wedge \dots \wedge \text{decl}[k] \\ & \wedge \text{init}[0] \\ & \wedge \text{trans}[0, 1] \wedge \dots \wedge \text{trans}[(k-1), k] \\ & \wedge \text{target}[k]\end{aligned}$$

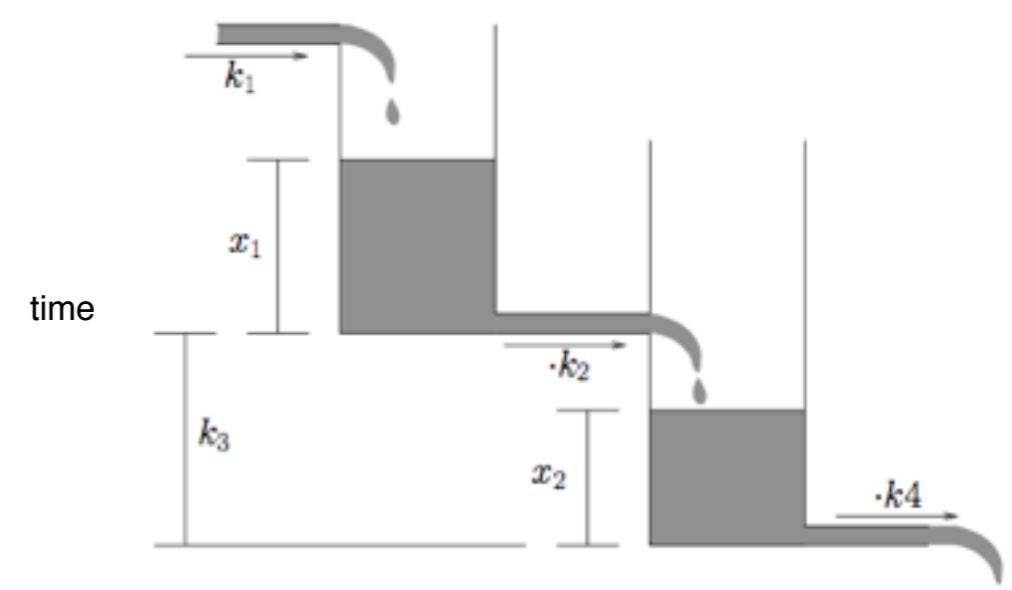
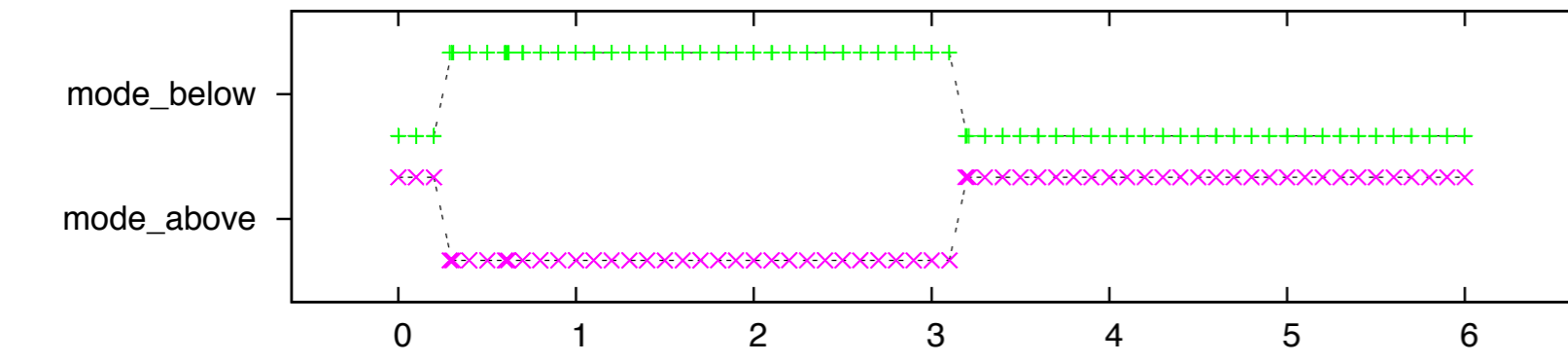
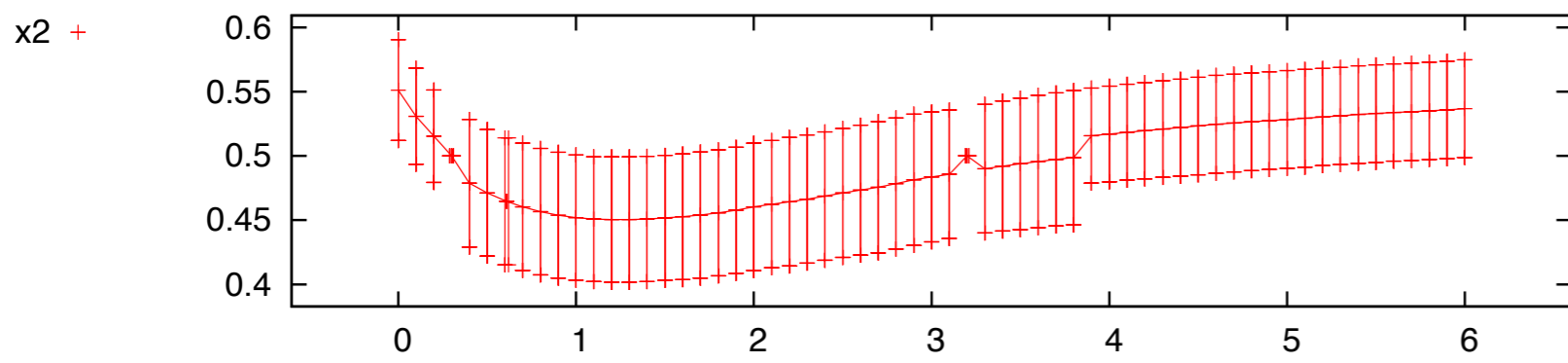
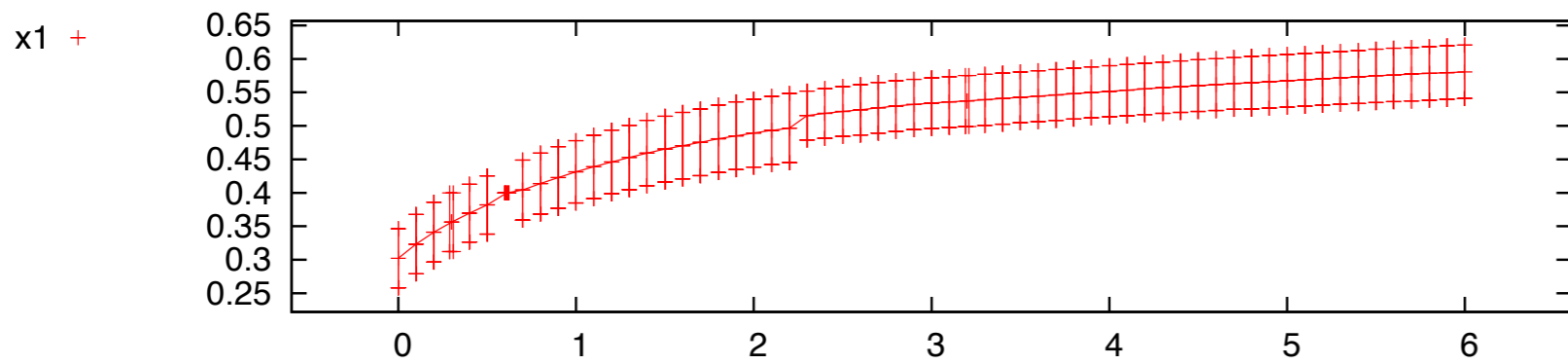


Experimental Evaluation

Example 2b

- Estimation of Hybrid System
- (Stursberg, et al. 1997)

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time

time

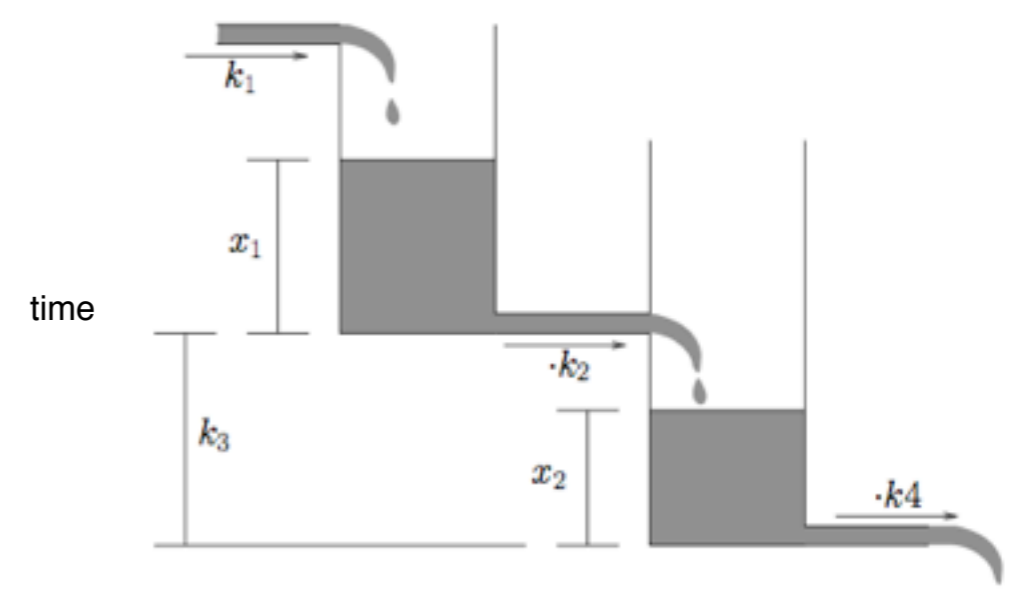
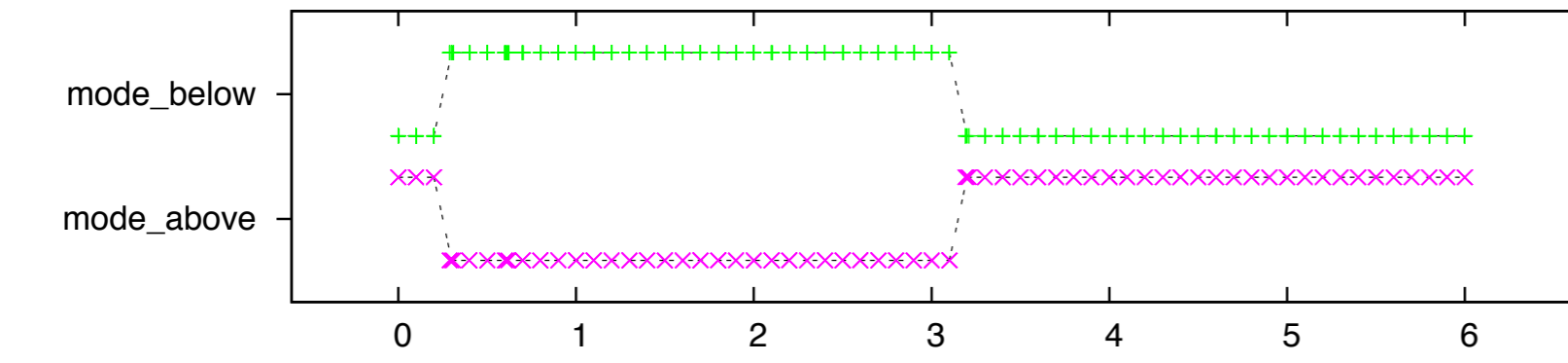
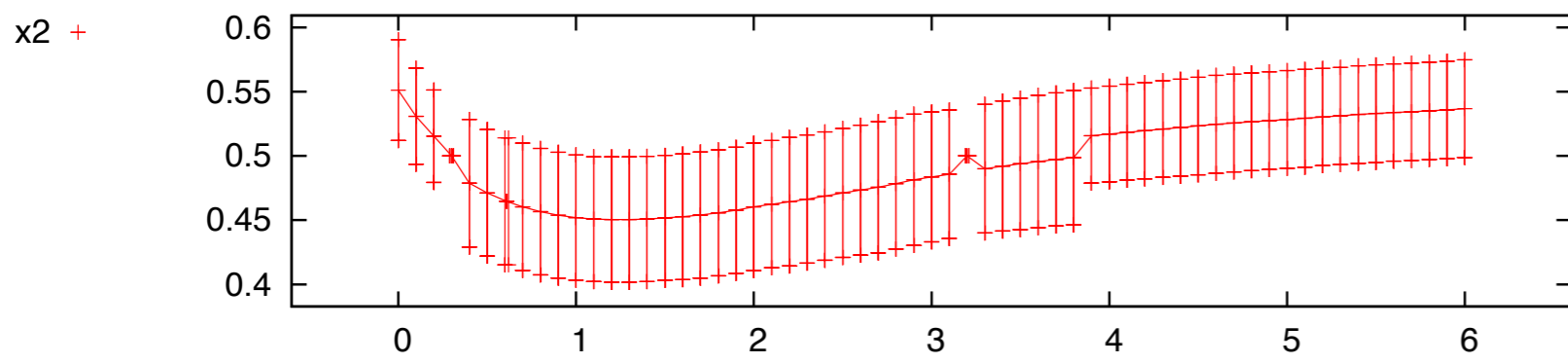
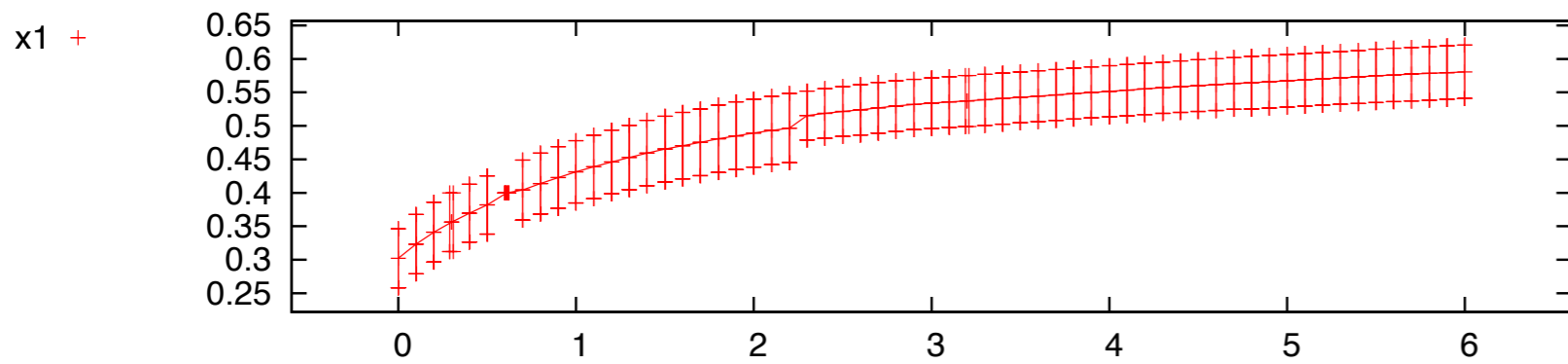
time

Experimental Evaluation

Example 2b

- Estimation of Hybrid System
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CPU time on AMD Opteron
8378 2.4 GHz 64bits Linux
bounds \rightarrow 7.3h.

Concluding Remarks

- SME of HDS via SAT Mod ODE
- Further evaluation with enhanced version of iSAT-ODE
- Inner approximation ...

Danke! Thanks! 谢谢!