

RTF-Steered Binaural MVDR Beamforming Incorporating an External Microphone for Dynamic Acoustic Scenarios

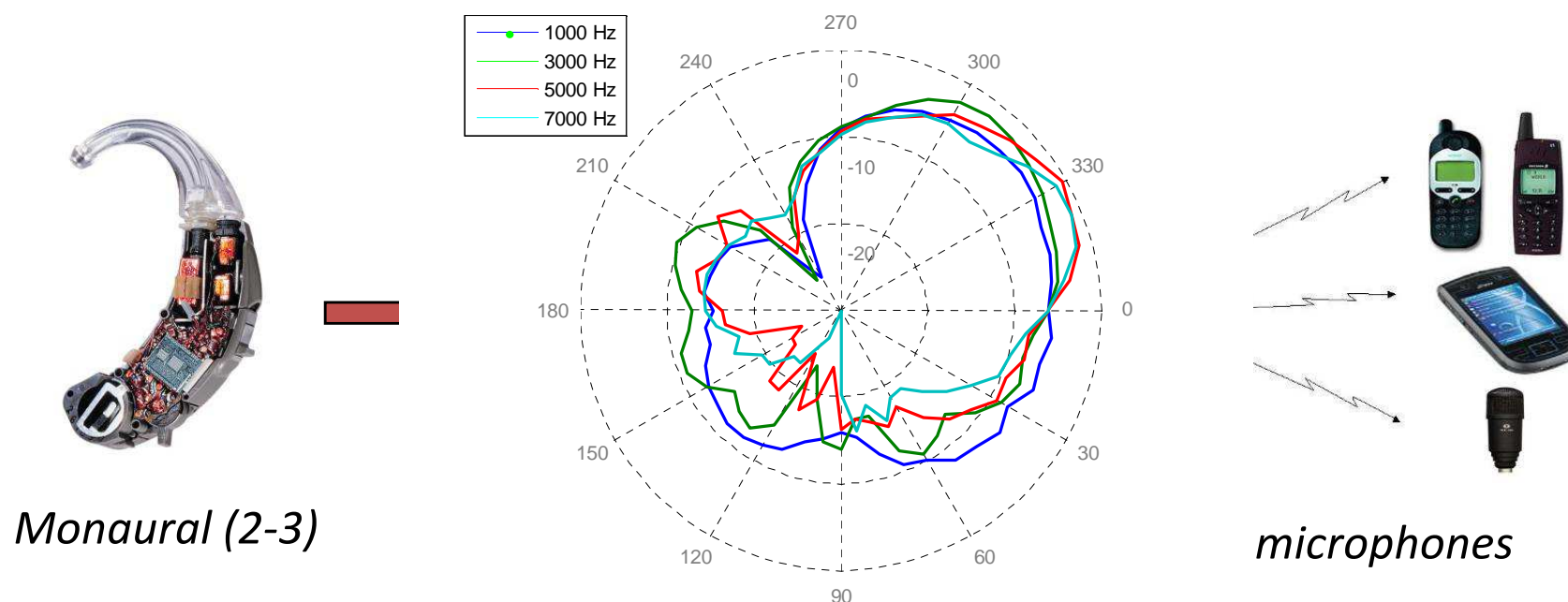
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- ❑ Hearing impaired suffer from a loss of speech understanding in adverse acoustic environments with competing speakers, background noise and reverberation

Multiple microphones available → spatial + spectral processing

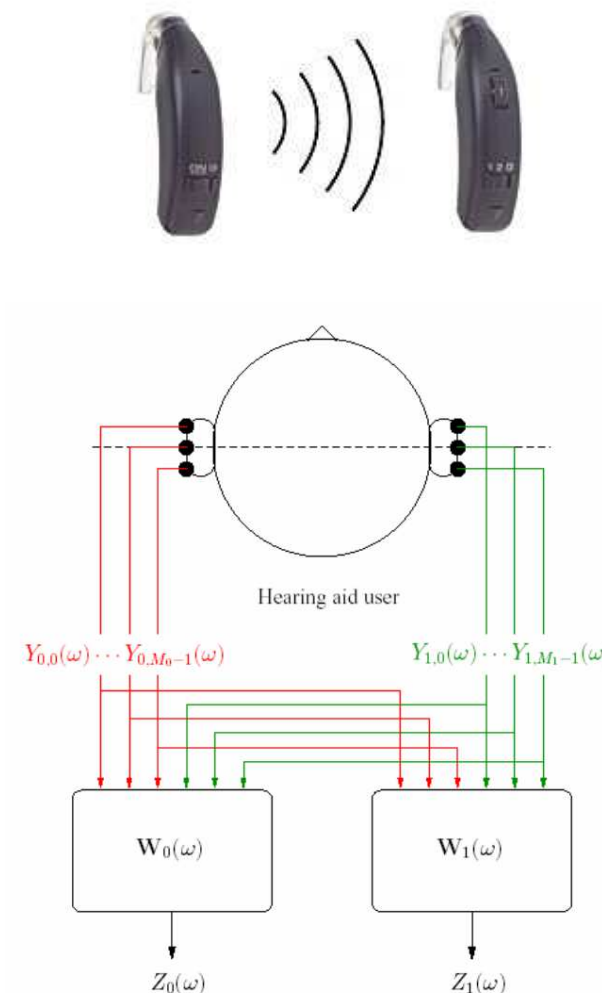


□ This presentation:

- **Binaural noise reduction algorithms** based on minimum variance distortionless response (MVDR) beamformer
- Integration with **external microphone(s)** that are spatially separated from the hearing aid microphones

□ Main objectives of algorithms:

- Improve speech intelligibility and avoid signal distortions
- Preserve spatial awareness and directional hearing (binaural cues)



Binaural noise reduction

Minimum-Variance-Distortionless-Response (MVDR) beamformer

Spatial filtering using **all** microphones (head-mounted and external)

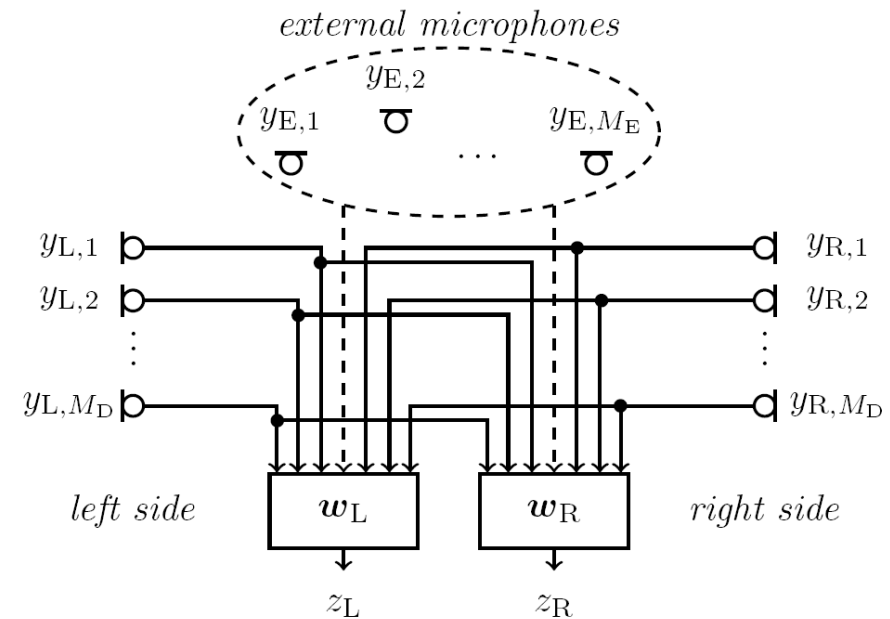
Goal: minimize noise power while preserving speech component in left and right reference microphone signals

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_L} \mathcal{E}\{|\mathbf{w}_L^H \mathbf{n}|^2\} \quad \text{subject to} \quad \mathbf{w}_L^H \mathbf{x} = X_{L,1}$$

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}_R} \mathcal{E}\{|\mathbf{w}_R^H \mathbf{n}|^2\} \quad \text{subject to} \quad \mathbf{w}_R^H \mathbf{x} = X_{R,1}$$

↑
↑
noise reduction
distortionless constraint

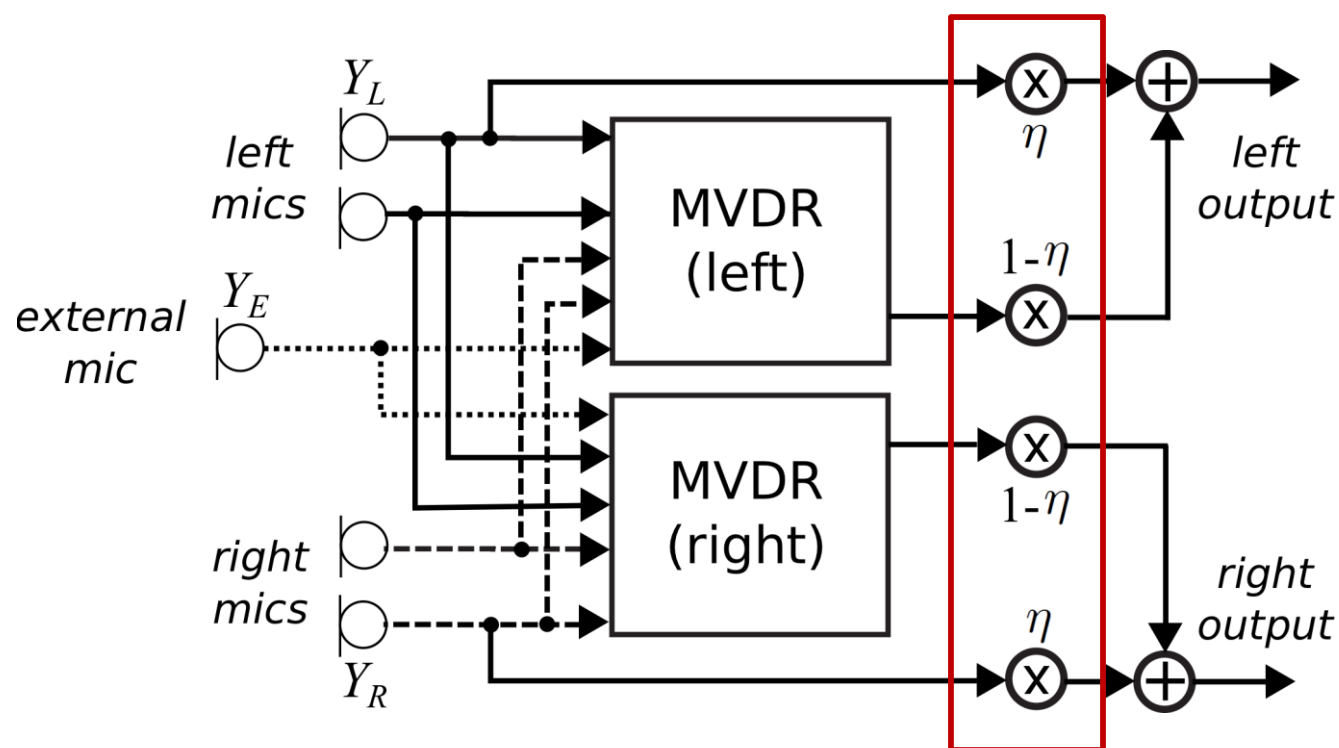
$$\mathbf{W}_L = \frac{\mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_L}{\mathbf{h}_L^H \mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_L}, \quad \mathbf{W}_R = \frac{\mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_R}{\mathbf{h}_R^H \mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_R}$$



Requires estimate/model of noise covariance matrix (e.g. diffuse) and **estimate/model of relative transfer function (RTF)** of desired speech source

Preserves **binaural cues** of desired source, but distorts binaural cues of noise

- **Goal:** preserve binaural cues of residual noise by **partly mixing** binaural MVDR output signals with reference microphone signals



- $\eta = \mathbf{0}$: binaural MVDR (optimal noise reduction, but no cue preservation)
- $\eta = \mathbf{1}$: reference microphone signals (perfect cue preservation, but no noise reduction)

Note: different procedures available to determine trade-off parameter η (frequency/signal-dependent, psycho-acoustically motivated)

External microphones

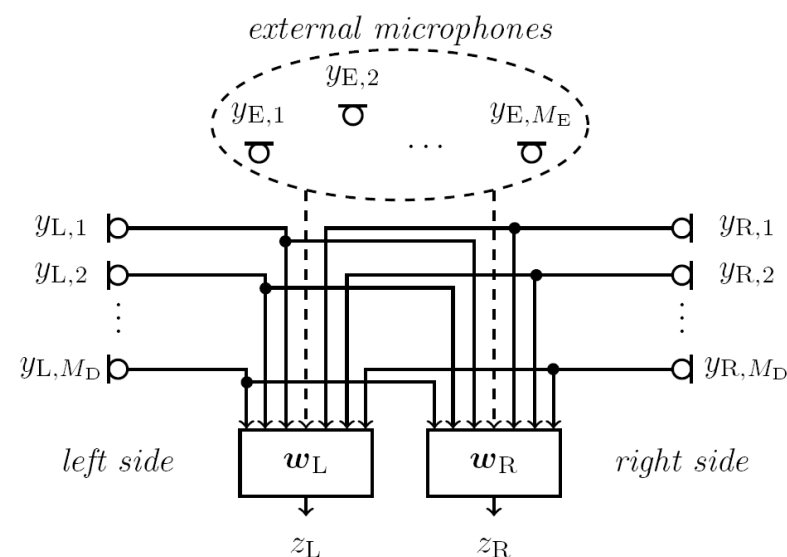
- Exploit the availability of one or more external microphones (**acoustic sensor network**) with hearing aids

[Bertrand 2009, Szurley 2016, Yee 2018, Farmani 2018, Kates 2018, Ali 2019, Gößling 2019]

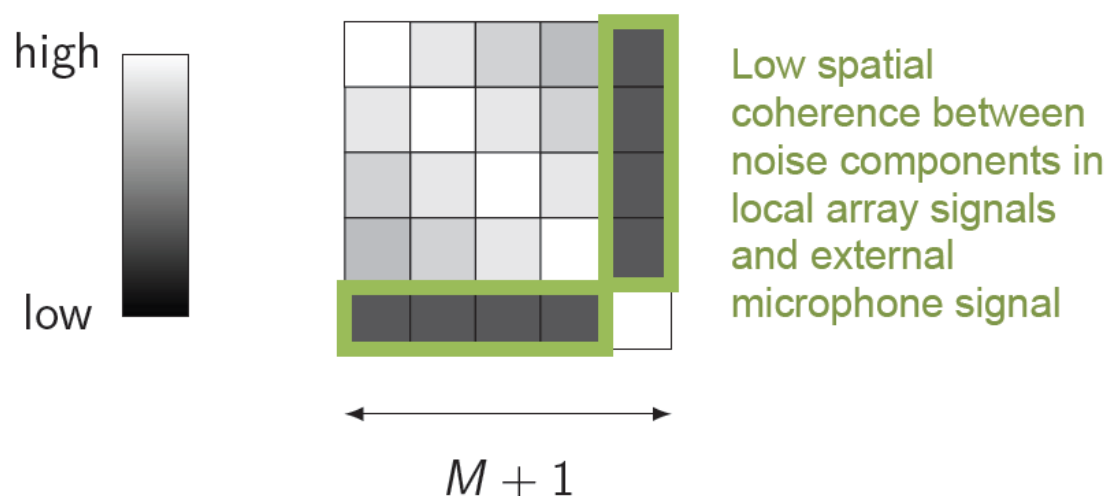
- Integrating external microphone(s) with hearing aid microphones may lead to:
 - Low-complexity method to **estimate relative transfer function (RTF)** vector of target speaker
 - Improved **noise reduction** and **binaural cue preservation** performance



$$\mathbf{W}_L = \frac{\mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_L}{\mathbf{h}_L^H \mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_L}, \quad \mathbf{W}_R = \frac{\mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_R}{\mathbf{h}_R^H \mathbf{R}_n^{-1} \mathbf{h}_R}$$



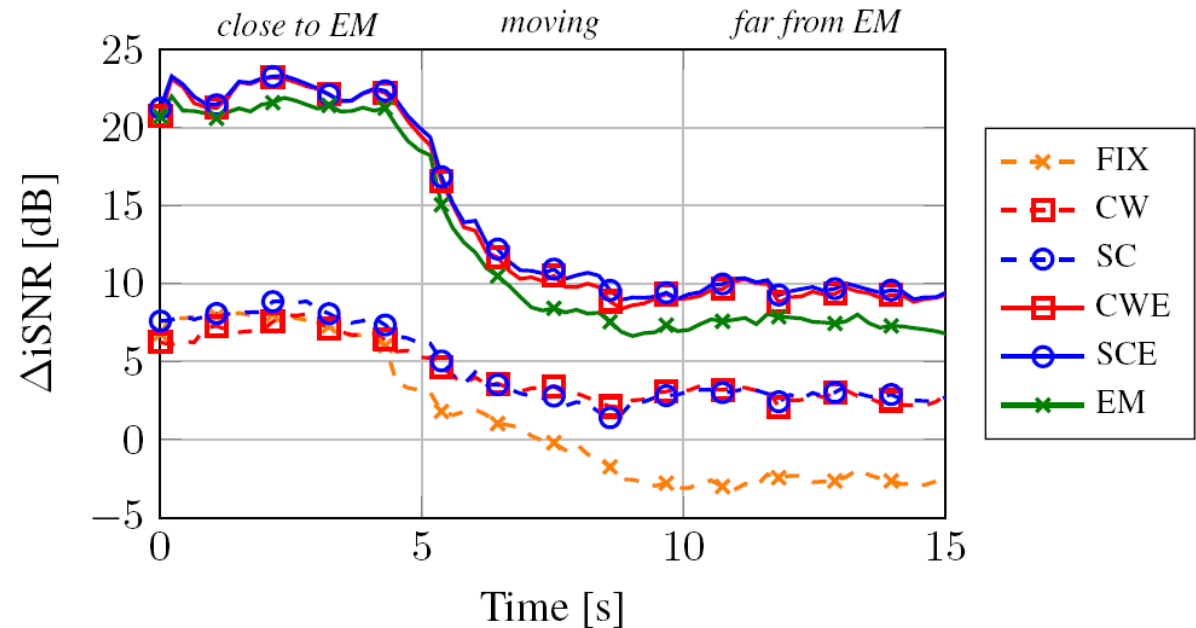
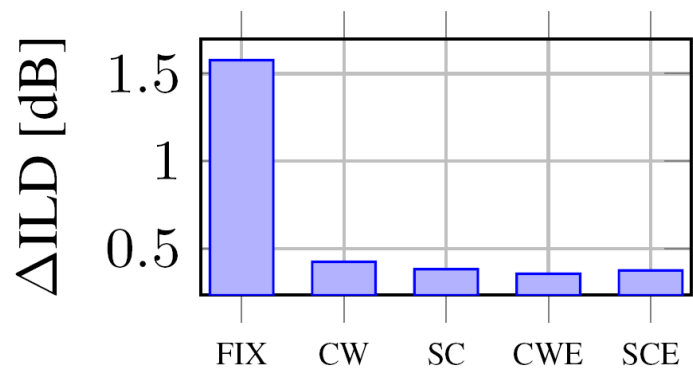
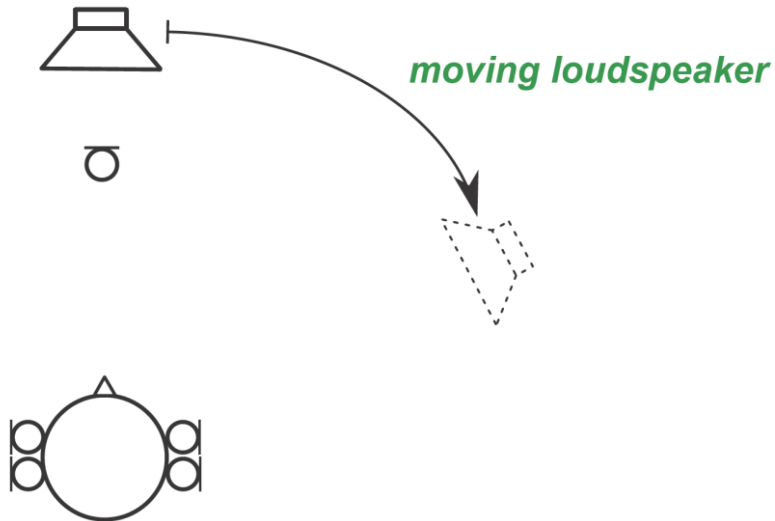
- **Estimate RTF vector of target speaker** to steer binaural MVDR beamformer
- **Spatial coherence (SC) method:** assume that noise components in external microphone and HA microphones are uncorrelated, e.g., when external microphone is spatially separated from HA microphones + diffuse noise field
→ correlate HA microphone signals with external microphone signals and normalize by reference element
- **Low computational complexity** with similar (even better in practice) performance than state-of-the-art covariance whitening (CW) approach



$$\bar{\mathbf{a}}_L^{\text{SCE}} = \frac{\bar{\mathbf{R}}_y \mathbf{e}_E}{\mathbf{e}_L^T \bar{\mathbf{R}}_y \mathbf{e}_E}, \quad \bar{\mathbf{a}}_R^{\text{SCE}} = \frac{\bar{\mathbf{R}}_y \mathbf{e}_E}{\mathbf{e}_R^T \bar{\mathbf{R}}_y \mathbf{e}_E}$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{w}}_L^{\text{SCE}} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot [\mathbf{I}_{2M}, \mathbf{0}_{2M \times 1}] \bar{\mathbf{w}}_L \\ \alpha(1 + \beta) \cdot \mathbf{e}_E^T \bar{\mathbf{w}}_L \end{bmatrix}$$

real-valued bias

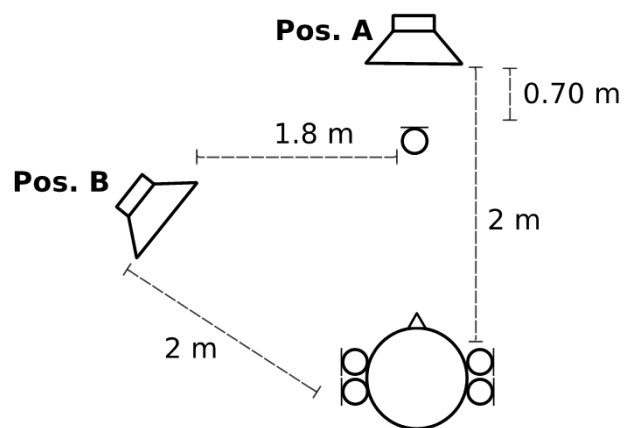










- MVDR with external microphone (**SCE**) leads to **better SNR** compared to MVDR using only HA microphones (**SC, FIX**) and external microphone (**EM**)
- MVDR using estimated RTFs (**SCE, SC**) **preserves binaural cues of target speaker** compared to fixed MVDR (**FIX**) and external microphone (**EM**)

Oldenburg Varechoic Lab ($T_{60} \approx 350\text{ms}$), $M=4 + 1$ external mic (1.5m/0.5m), moving speaker, pseudo-diffuse babble noise, $i\text{SNR}=0\text{dB}$ (right HA)
STFT: 32 ms, 50% overlap, sqrt-Hann; SPP in external microphone; smoothing: 100 ms (speech), 1 s (noise)



- Real-world recordings ($T_{60} \approx 300$ ms), **changing speaker position**
- KEMAR with **two BTE hearing aids** (2 mics each) and **one external mic**
- German speaker (10 sec at position A, 10 sec at position B)
- Pseudo-diffuse babble noise



		Filter: only HA microphones	Filter: with external mic	
Hearing aid input signals	External mic	MVDR-FIX	eMVDR-SC	
		frontal (anechoic)	spatial coherence based RTF estimation	
				MVDR
				MVDR-N (partial noise estimation, $\eta=0.2$)

- Each external microphone yields (different) RTF estimate
- **Linear combination/selection** of RTF estimates (per frequency)

$$\mathbf{a}_L^{\text{SC-C}} = \frac{\mathbf{A}_L^{\text{SC}} \mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{e}_L^T \mathbf{A}_L^{\text{SC}} \mathbf{c}}$$

1. Input SNR-based selection

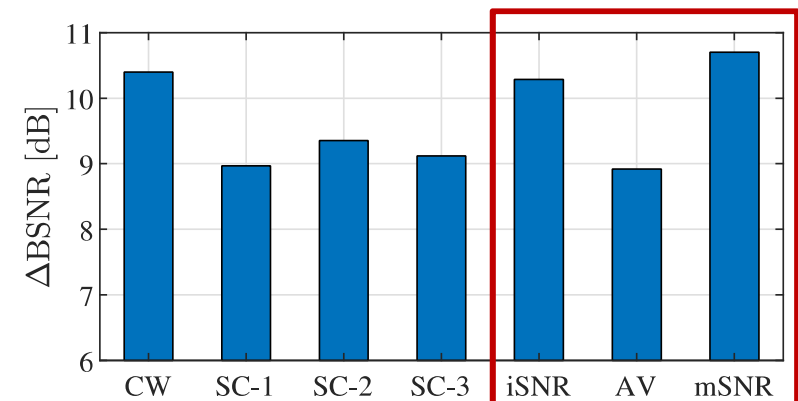
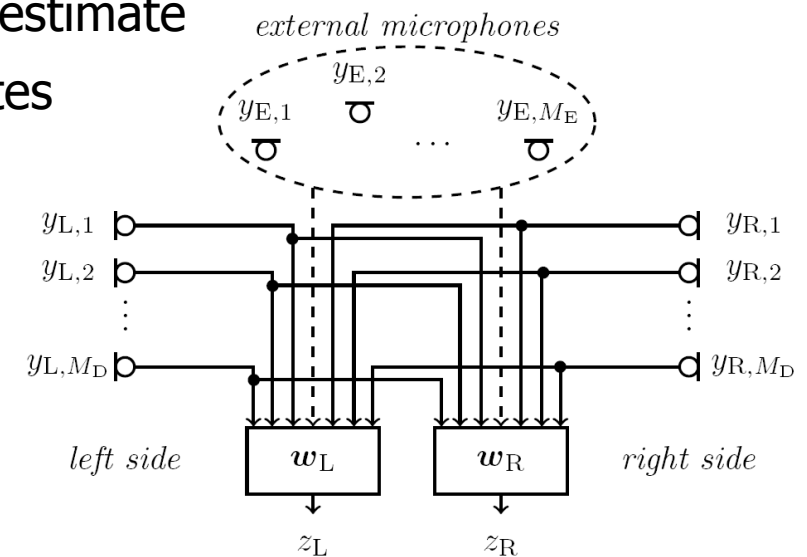
$$\mathbf{c}^{\text{iSNR}} = \mathbf{e}_{E,\hat{i}}, \quad \hat{i} = \arg \max_i \frac{\mathbf{e}_{E,i}^T \mathbf{R}_y \mathbf{e}_{E,i}}{\mathbf{e}_{E,i}^T \mathbf{R}_n \mathbf{e}_{E,i}}$$

2. Simple averaging

$$\mathbf{c}^{\text{AV}} = \left[\frac{1}{M_E}, \dots, \frac{1}{M_E} \right]^T$$

3. Output SNR-maximizing combination

$$\mathbf{c}^{\text{mSNR}} = \arg \max_{\mathbf{c}} \text{SNR}_{\text{BMVDR,L}}^{\text{out}} = \mathcal{P}\{\mathbf{\Lambda}_2^{-1} \mathbf{\Lambda}_1\}$$

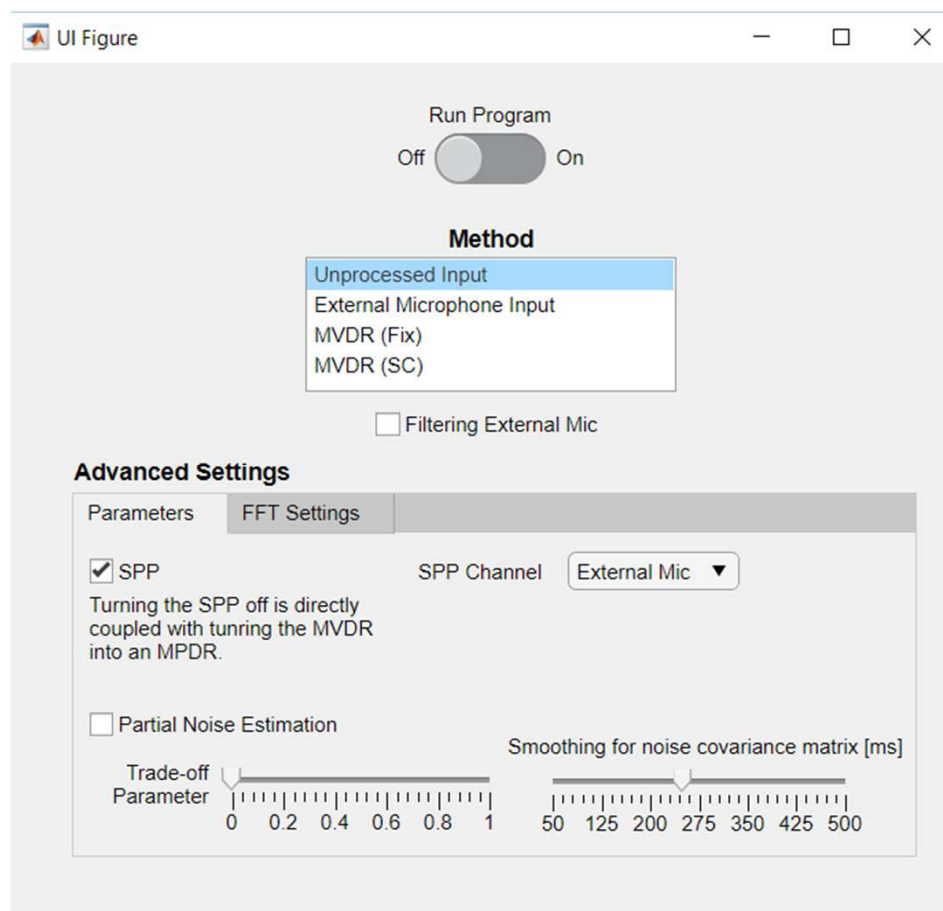




Hearing aid input:



Output signals:

UI Figure

Run Program
Off On

Method

- Unprocessed Input
- External Microphone Input
- MVDR (Fix)
- MVDR (SC)

Filtering External Mic

Advanced Settings

Parameters **FFT Settings**

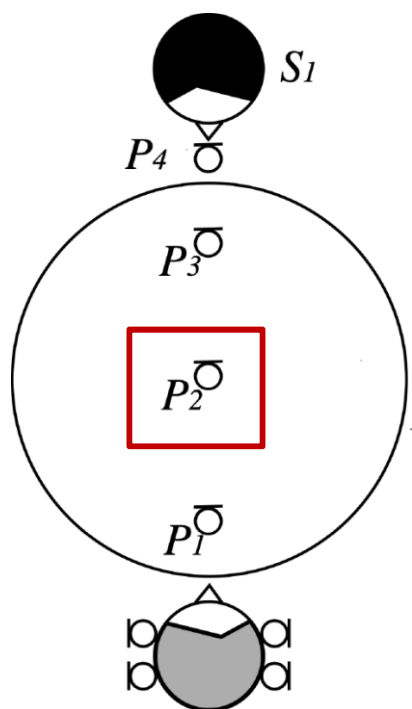
SPP SPP Channel External Mic ▼
Turning the SPP off is directly coupled with turning the MVDR into an MPDR.

Partial Noise Estimation

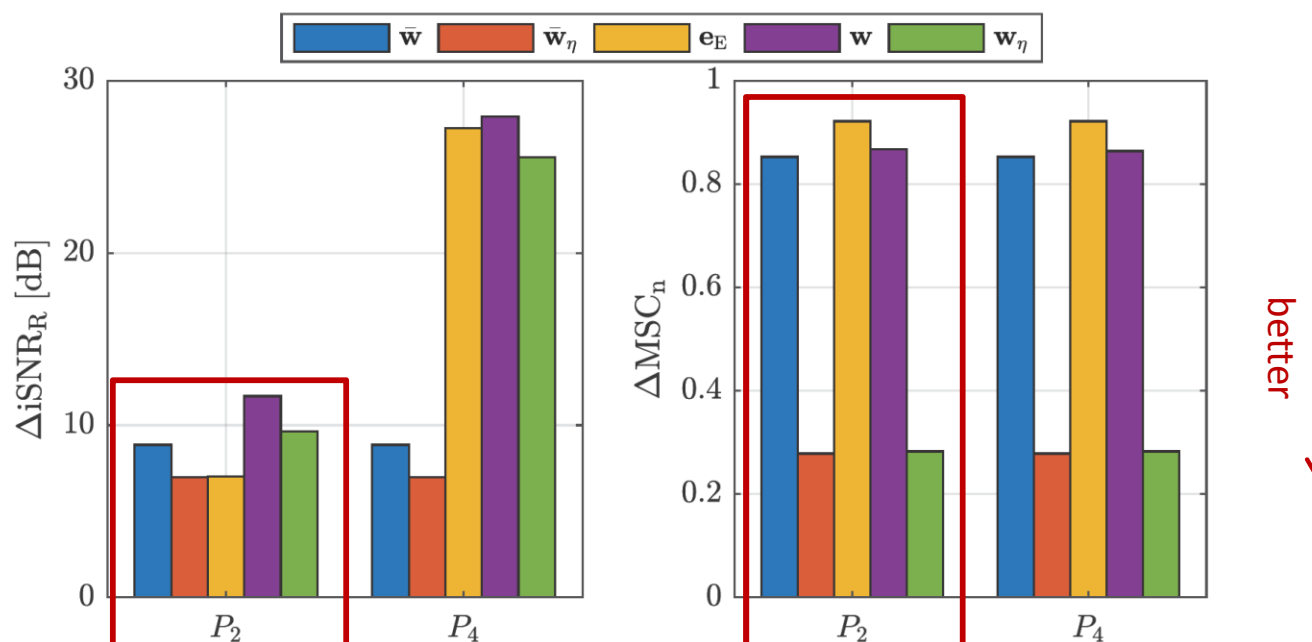
Trade-off Parameter 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1

Smoothing for noise covariance matrix [ms] 50 125 200 275 350 425 500

- Including external microphone in **binaural MVDR-N beamformer** leads to:
 - Larger output SNR** for same trade-off parameter η
 - Same output SNR with larger trade-off parameter $\eta \rightarrow$ **better cue preservation**

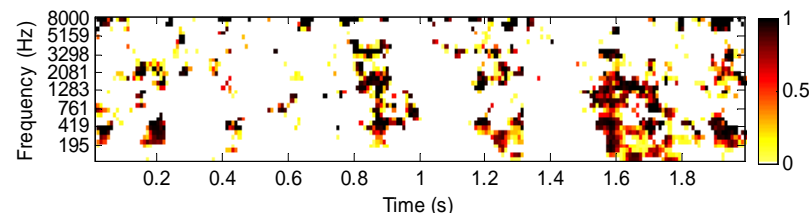
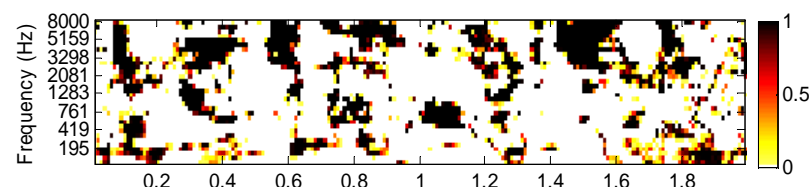
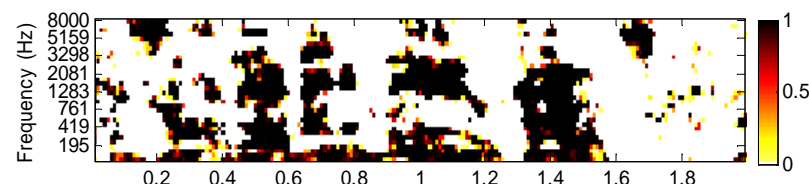
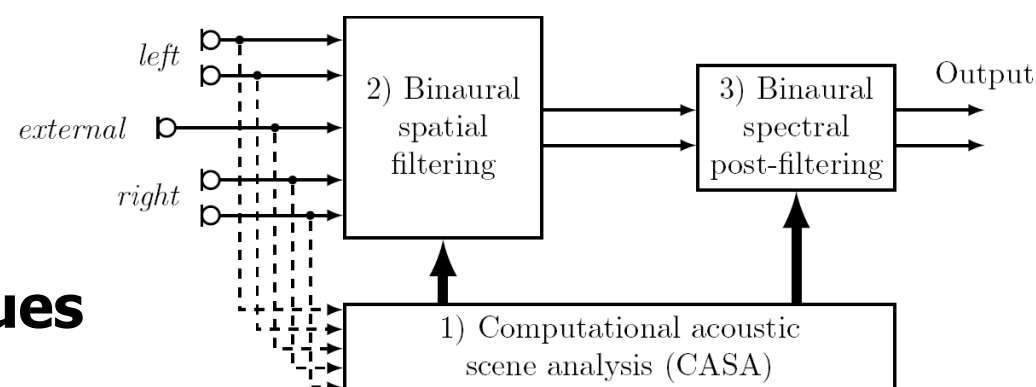


MVDR (HA)
 MVDR-N (HA)
 External
 eMVDR (HA+ext)
 eMVDR-N (HA+ext)



Starkey database with real-world recordings ($T_{60} \approx 620\text{ms}$), $M=4$, target speaker S_1 , multi-talker babble noise, 0 dB input iSNR (right hearing aid)
 MVDR: perfectly estimated noise correlation matrix, RTF of target speaker estimated using covariance whitening method

- **Performance analysis** for different acoustic scenarios (interfering speakers)
- **Synchronization/latency issues**
- **Complex and time-varying scenarios:** incorporate computational acoustic scene analysis (CASA) into control path of developed algorithms
- **Subjective evaluation** of binaural speech enhancement algorithms with **HA/CI users** ongoing





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<http://www.sigproc.uni-oldenburg.de> → Publications

Questions ?



House of Hearing, Oldenburg